



22137207



**MATHEMATICS
HIGHER LEVEL
PAPER 3 – DISCRETE MATHEMATICS**

Tuesday 21 May 2013 (afternoon)

1 hour

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer all the questions.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- A clean copy of the **Mathematics HL and Further Mathematics SL information booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [60 marks].

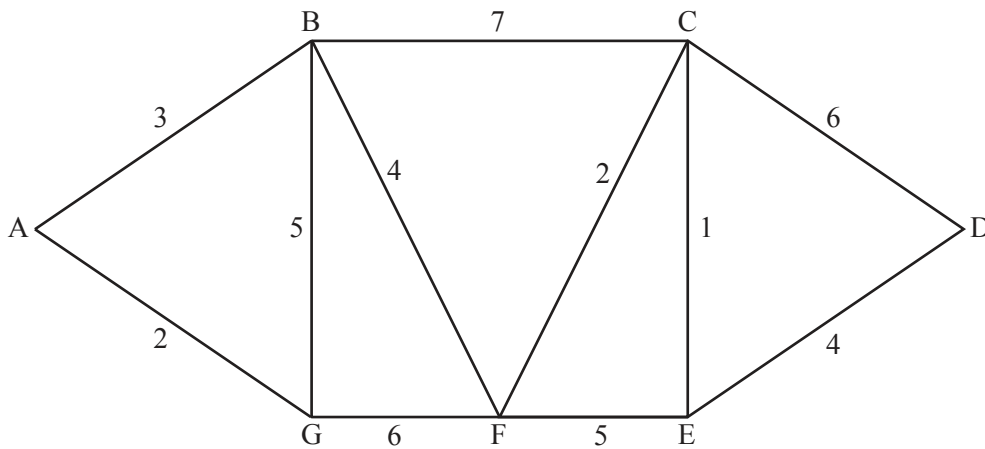
Please start each question on a new page. Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. In particular, solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

1. [Maximum mark: 15]

- (a) Using the Euclidean algorithm, show that $\text{gcd}(99, 332) = 1$. [4 marks]
- (b) (i) Find the general solution to the diophantine equation $332x - 99y = 1$.
- (ii) Hence, or otherwise, find the smallest positive integer satisfying the congruence $17z \equiv 1 \pmod{57}$. [11 marks]

2. [Maximum mark: 12]

The diagram shows a weighted graph with vertices A, B, C, D, E, F, G. The weight of each edge is marked on the diagram.



- (a) (i) Explain briefly why the graph contains an Eulerian trail but not an Eulerian circuit.
- (ii) Write down an Eulerian trail. [4 marks]
- (b) (i) Use Dijkstra's algorithm to find the path of minimum total weight joining A to D.
- (ii) State the minimum total weight. [8 marks]

3. [Maximum mark: 10]

When numbers are written in base n , $33^2 = 1331$.

- (a) By writing down an appropriate polynomial equation, determine the value of n . [4 marks]
- (b) Rewrite the above equation with numbers in base 7. [6 marks]

4. [Maximum mark: 15]

The graph G has the following adjacency matrix.

$$\begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} A & B & C & D & E \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} A \\ B \\ C \\ D \\ E \end{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

- (a) Determine the number of walks of length five beginning and ending at E. [3 marks]
- (b) Show that G and its complement G' have the same number of edges. [3 marks]
- (c) (i) Writing the vertices in the order B, D, A, C, E, determine the adjacency matrix of G' .
- (ii) Deduce that G and G' are isomorphic. [5 marks]
- (d) The graph H has 6 vertices. Show that H and H' , the complement of H , cannot be isomorphic. [4 marks]

5. [Maximum mark: 8]

The positive integer p is an odd prime number.

(a) Show that $\sum_{k=1}^p k^p \equiv 0 \pmod{p}$. [4 marks]

(b) Given that $\sum_{k=1}^p k^{p-1} \equiv n \pmod{p}$ where $0 \leq n \leq p-1$, find the value of n . [4 marks]
